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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR APPLICATION NO FILING DATE 35006-00019CIP 7516 05/02/2001 Joseph F. Walsh 09.847,89211/20/2002 7590 SUMMIT LAW GROUP EXAMINER 1505 Westlake Ave., North LE, THIEN MINH Seattle, WA 98019 PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT 2876

DATE MAILED: 11-20-2002

Please find below and or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)		
•		09/847,89	92	BOYDSTON ET AL.	BOYDSTON ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	•	Art Unit	Art Unit	
		Thien M.	Le	2876		
Dania d 6		ication appears on the	cover	r sheet with the correspondence address -	•	
	or Reply HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO	AD DEDI V 19 9ET T	O EVE	DIDE 2 MONTH/S) EDOM		
THE - Ext afte - If th - If N - Fail - Any	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO ensions of time may be available under the provisions or r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commit e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30)	CATION. of 37 CFR 1 136(a). In no even unication D) days, a reply within the state stutory period will apply and wi will, by statute, cause the app	ent, howe utory min ill expire s lication to	nimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely: SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C.§ 133)	tion	
1).	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>03 September</u>	2002 .			
2a)	This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action is	non-fii	final.		
3)				ormal matters, prosecution as to the merit	s is	
Disposi	closed in accordance with the practition of Claims	ice under <i>Ex parte</i> Q	uayle,	, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.		
4)	Claim(s) 1-86 is/are pending in the a	application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/ar	e withdrawn from co	nsidera	ration.		
5)⊡	Claim(s) <u>24-63</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊡	Claim(s) <u>1-23,64-86</u> is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election re	equirer	ement.		
· · ·	tion Papers					
	The specification is objected to by the					
10)[_]	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:					
11)	Applicant may not request that any objective proposed drawing correction filed					
11)	If approved, corrected drawings are req					
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to	• •	ilice aci	SHOTT.		
<i>,</i> —	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	by the Examiner.				
•	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority un	dor 35	511 S C & 119(2) (d) or (f)		
,) All b) Some * c) None of:	tor toreign priority dr	idei 50	3 0.3.0. g 119(a)-(d) 01 (1).		
a	1. Certified copies of the priority of	documents have hee	n raca	havia		
				eived in Application No		
	_ , ,			ave been received in this National Stage		
*	application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	ational Bureau (PCT	Rule 1	17.2(a)).		
14)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or domestic priority ur	nder 3	85 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application	ation).	
	a) The translation of the foreign land Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo		•			
Attachme		, , , , -				
2) Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa		4)	Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) Other:	_·	

Art Unit: 2876

DETAILED ACTION

The response filed on 9/3/2002 has been received. Claims 1-86 remain presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

Claims 1-6, 11-15, drawn to the method and apparatus claims 64-68 and 73, are rejected under 102(e) by Messenger (Messenger – 5,276,680; newly cited).

Messenger discloses a wireless coupling of devices to wired network.

Specifically, Messenger discloses the use of low-powered, battery-powered hand-held unit 18 which are coupled by a wireless link to a communication network. According to Messenger, the wireless coupling devices 18 (handheld) can be used in a POS

Art Unit: 2876

environments. In the back ground of the invention, Messenger discloses that it is sometimes desirable to couple a portable device to such a network without requiring wiring to a router or to the primary cable medium. For example, it might be advantageous to permit a personal computer or terminal to be operated anywhere in an office complex to access data from a mainframe computer. In an automated system for identifying grocery prices, a battery-operated hand-held unit might be used to scan barcodes identifying a particular product on display shelves. The scanned data can then be transmitted to a central computer that returns the price currently recorded and applied to purchase of the product at cash registers, for comparison with displayed prices. A battery-operated hand-held unit may also be used during physical inspection of inventories, allowing an individual to identify types and quantities of products and to transmit such data to a central computer that updates inventory records.

With regarding to claim 1, Messenger's teaching (as have been discussed above), comprises at least one hand-held unit 18. The hand held scanning unit 18 can be connected to a remote server (or a host computer) for transmitting requests and receiving responses. The information received from the remote server can prices, quantities, and/or types of the products. As can be seen, Messenger discloses the claimed invention.

Regarding claim 2, see the discussions regarding claim 1. Specifically, Messenger discloses use of product identification bar codes.

Regarding claim 3, typical handheld scanning devices would include a key pad and thus would meet the limitation set forth in this claim.

Art Unit: 2876

Regarding claim 4, Messenger discloses the use of a RF link.

Regarding claims 5-6, 11, 12-15, see the discussions above.

Regarding claims 64-68, 73, see the discussions above.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to

Art Unit: 2876

consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 7-10, 16-23, 69-72, and 74-86 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious by Messenger (5,276,680; cited above).

Regarding claims 8-10, 16-23, 69-72, and 74-86, the system as taught by Messenger, as has been discussed above. The claims differ in calling for various variations and combinations including: memory, card reader, low-power proximity detector, magnetic card, audio input/output ports, etc. It would have been obvious to incorporate these features in the system as taught by Messenger. The use of each and some combinations of these features in bar code scanning system are known and have been incorporated in commercially available scanners. Fro example, the use of proximity detector has long been used and developed by many scanner manufacturers, including: Symbol Technologies; Spectra Physics Corp.; Norand; Metrologics; etc. Further, magnetic card reader and audio input/output ports have been incorporated in self-checkout and POS environments. Without any unexpected result, the modifications are merely considerations which are well within skill levels and expectations of an ordinary skilled artisan.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-86 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2876

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 24-63 are allowed.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art fails to disclose handheld unit for transmitting requests and receiving responses to/from a server comprising:

A number of input components;

A processing component;

A transceiver:

A number of output components;

And having the features, functions and characteristics as recited in claim 24.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thien M. Le whose telephone number is (703) 305-350. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 7:30am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Lee can be reached on (703) 305-3503. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-5841 for regular communications and (703) 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Art Unit: 2876

Le, Thien M. Primary Examiner Art Unit 2876 November 15, 2002